



S2001

## EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2011 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS) 2011 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Data and Documentation](#) section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Methodology](#) section.

Subject	Alaska					
	Total		Male		Female	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Population 16 years and over with earnings	418,924	+/-5,175	228,818	+/-2,871	190,106	+/-4,154
Median earnings (dollars)	34,313	+/-1,839	41,609	+/-814	28,380	+/-1,223
Full-time, year-round workers with earnings	240,390	+/-6,281	138,457	+/-4,443	101,933	+/-4,316
\$1 to \$9,999 or loss	1.8%	+/-0.3	1.6%	+/-0.4	2.0%	+/-0.7
\$10,000 to \$14,999	2.6%	+/-0.5	2.3%	+/-0.5	3.0%	+/-1.1
\$15,000 to \$24,999	11.0%	+/-1.1	9.1%	+/-1.1	13.4%	+/-1.8
\$25,000 to \$34,999	15.4%	+/-1.3	11.8%	+/-1.6	20.3%	+/-2.1
\$35,000 to \$49,999	21.6%	+/-1.7	19.3%	+/-2.2	24.8%	+/-2.1
\$50,000 to \$64,999	16.4%	+/-1.5	16.9%	+/-2.0	15.6%	+/-2.0
\$65,000 to \$74,999	7.8%	+/-0.9	8.4%	+/-1.3	7.0%	+/-1.3
\$75,000 to \$99,999	12.3%	+/-1.1	14.7%	+/-1.6	8.9%	+/-1.4
\$100,000 or more	11.2%	+/-1.2	15.8%	+/-1.8	5.0%	+/-1.4
Median earnings (dollars)	(X)	(X)	52,379	+/-3,182	40,550	+/-1,065
Mean earnings (dollars)	58,590	+/-1,519	66,798	+/-2,233	47,441	+/-1,979
<b>MEDIAN EARNINGS BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>						
Population 25 years and over with earnings	40,812	+/-643	50,122	+/-2,619	32,141	+/-1,065
Less than high school graduate	22,342	+/-2,154	27,439	+/-5,348	17,385	+/-4,241
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	32,173	+/-1,506	40,850	+/-1,464	26,599	+/-2,193
Some college or associate's degree	40,478	+/-842	48,611	+/-3,785	29,976	+/-2,107
Bachelor's degree	50,422	+/-2,830	66,281	+/-5,233	41,429	+/-2,455
Graduate or professional degree	69,222	+/-4,761	81,303	+/-4,126	60,049	+/-4,718
<b>PERCENT IMPUTED</b>						
Earnings in the past 12 months	15.4%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2011 American Community Survey

### Explanation of Symbols:

An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The Census Bureau introduced an improved sequence of labor force questions in the 2008 ACS questionnaire. Accordingly, we recommend using caution when making labor force data comparisons from 2008 or later with data from prior years. For more information on these questions and their evaluation in the 2006 ACS Content Test, see the "Evaluation Report Covering Employment Status" at [http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/methodology/content\\_test/P6a\\_Employment\\_Status.pdf](http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/methodology/content_test/P6a_Employment_Status.pdf), and the "Evaluation Report Covering Weeks Worked" at [http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/methodology/content\\_test/P6b\\_Weeks\\_Worked\\_Final\\_Report.pdf](http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/methodology/content_test/P6b_Weeks_Worked_Final_Report.pdf). Additional information can also be found at <http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/laborfor/laborforce.html>.

While the 2011 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.